## LATIN AMERICA

### EU Start-ups in Latin America: most common IP errors

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#### Agenda

Simple steps startups can take to protect IP

- Is IPs the most important component for a startup?
- What are the key questions to ask when establishing an initial IP strategy?
- IP Assignment and Nondisclosure Agreements
- ✓ IP Registration and Prosecution
- ✓ IT Systems Security
- Employee Retention and Post-Termination Obligations
- Create a Culture of IP Awareness





# **¿Is IP the most important component for a start-up?**

For many companies, especially **startups**, intellectual property often represents an important component of a company's value, perhaps the single most significant component.





### ¿What are the key questions to ask when establishing an initial IP strategy?

- Who owns the fundamental technology in your space i.e. who are the key organizations filing and buying patents in your market segment and what are they working on?
- How rapidly is new innovation taking place in your space?
- Where are the opportunities for strategic growth, investment or licensing within your field?
- Where are the new and emerging technologies being developed in your space?
- Which patents are the most valuable for your products?





### ¿What are the key questions to ask when establishing an initial IP strategy?

- Spanish company is intending to use a technology in Argentina, Brazil and Chile in the field of traceability solution for blood.
- Before doing that they conducted a freedom to operate report in order to know if they infringed a third party patent rights.
- According to the Report there are a group of patents which belongs to another European company close to this technology but it was not infringed.
- As far they start using the technology, they receive a cease and desist letter.





- One of the simplest steps any startup can take to secure its IP is to require all founders, employees, and other third-party service providers to enter into IP assignment and nondisclosure agreements.
- In any case: **do not forget** to identify the confidential information.





- Spanish company signed two years ago a NDA with a company from Mexico who wants them as a provider for some products for the automotive industry.
- These products were not protected by a valid patent.
- Finally the Mexican company decided to buy these products to another provider (who has the plans needed to manufacture the product which belong to the Spanish company).
- What can the Spanish company does?





IP assignment obligations should provide that all IP that a person has created or may create in connection with the services provided to the company and/or derived from the company's proprietary information shall be the property of the company.





 Startups should also obtain standard nondisclosure agreements from all parties who may have access to any of the company's confidential or proprietary information, including all founders and employees.

• In any case: **do not forget** to identify the confidential information.





- Each startup should develop a plan for evaluating at various stages if and when the company should submit applications for patents, copyrights and trademarks.
- As the registration process can be expensive, startups can sometimes delay registration until the startups' budget permits such activities.



- ¿When is it advisable for startups to register their trademark?
- Registering trademarks should be an early milestone in a prudent business model. For startups, building a brand will most probably be on the top of their "To-Do List".





- Danish company tried to register the word trademark but it was rejected by the INDECOPI IN Peru based on absolute grounds.
- The decision was correct because the sign was descriptive.
- But they were using a figurative mark containing words in combination with graphics.
- Six months ago a third party with previous commercial relations with the company filed a trademark application for the same signed (words plus graphic).
- ¿What can the Danish company does?





- ¿Do the customers or investors bother about a trademark registration?
- Definitely! The purchasing decisions of consumers are influenced by trademarks and the reputation such brands represent.





- ¿What protection do I possess for a trademark which I've been using for a long time but haven't registered?
- The only way to protect an unregistered trademark is if the mark has extensive and prolonged usage.





- Danish company has used a trademark in Mexico for over 3 years.
- 3 years ago they tried to register the word trademark but it was rejected by the IMPI based on absolute grounds.
- The decision was correct because the sign was descriptive.
- But they were using a figurative mark containing words in combination with graphics.
- When the tried to stop the use of this trademark by a third party, they couldn't due to the lack of rights.





- ¿Is a Polish trademark registration valid outside Poland?
- No! The Polish trademark registration stops within the border and does not accord any rights to the proprietor outside the country.





- ¿What if I only have the budget to file a limited number of patents and trademarks?
- The quality of a startups' patents and trademarks is just as important as the size of the patent and trademark portfolio.





- ¿What if to save money and keep my technology hidden, I just want to file trade secrets instead?
   What are the pros/cons?
- Be careful in Latin America!!!





- We are a small company with an even smaller budget. What should we expect to spend?
- It depends!!!!!!!!!!





#### **IT Systems Security**

- In addition to securing ownership of IP through assignments and registration, companies should prevent unauthorized access by securing their IT systems.
- Take care of illegal software!!!





#### **Employee Retention and Post-Termination Obligations**

- One of the best ways for a startup to protect its
  IP is to ensure that the people who understand
  the IP best continue to work for the company.
- Providing employees with reasonable equity compensation subject to vesting may also be helpful.







#### **Create a Culture of IP Awareness**

The suggestions described above will be less effective if a company's management and employees are not working attentively to implement them.





# Some IP mistakes that are killing your startup







# Some IP mistakes that are killing your startup

- You are an employee of another company when you start your Project.
- You played Lawyer with your agreements and contracts.
- No in-house resources to deal with IP properly
- Lack of general knowledge about common procedures
- Difficult to identify the right(s) expert(s)/consultant(s)
- Hard to justify the initial large expenses resulting from IP redaction, filing etc.
- Jungle of national regulations





